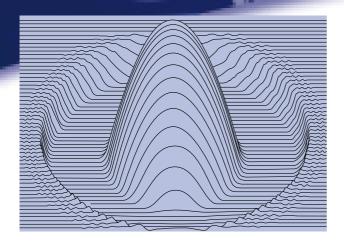
Graded-Index Multimode Optical Fibre. Type: 62.5 / 125 µm



Product code: 457

Dual Layer Primary Coating (DLPC7

Issue date: 11 / 01 Supersedes: 06 / 00



Fibre.

This graded-index $62.5/125\,\mu m$ multimode fibre, product code 457, has a $62.5\,\mu m$ core diameter and a 125 μm cladding diameter. The fibre is designed for use at 850 nm and/or 1300 nm.

This 62.5/125 µm fibre is suitable for use in premises wiring applications, like Local Area Networks (including backbone, riser and horizontal) with video, data and/or voice

services using LED, VCSEL and Fabry-Perot laser sources at 850 nm or 1300 nm. This multimode fibre assures full compatibility with legacy systems, like Ethernet, FDDI, ATM and Fibre Channel. Because of the nature of the Plasma-activated Chemical Vapour Deposition (PCVD) manufacturing process, this fibre offers the highest bandwidth available in the market.

The fibre complies with or exceeds the ITU Recommendation G.651 or the IEC 60793-2-10 type A1b Optical Fibre Specification.

Coating.

The multimode fibre is coated with a dual layer UV curable acrylate, type DLPC7. Designed for more stringent tight-buffer cable applications, the fibre also performs perfectly in loose tube buffer constructions and demonstrates a high resistance to microbending.

The coating offers an excellent stable coating strip force over a wide range of environmental conditions and coating stripping leaves no residues on the bare glass fibre. In tight buffer applications the entire coating construction (tight buffer and primary coating) can in general very easily be stripped off.

The DLPC7 coated fibres show unique high and stable values for the dynamic stress corrosion susceptibility parameter (n_d) , which offers a greatly improved mechanical protection to the optical fibre when used in harsh environments.

Process.

This multimode fibre is manufactured using the PCVD process. Because of the inherent high quality of the graded refractive index profile, multimode fibres, manufactured with the PCVD process, show excellent modal bandwidth performance.

Specifications Graded-Index Multimode Optical Fibre. Type: 62.5 / 125 µm

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Characteristics		Conditions Specified Va		cified Val	ues	Units
O p Att	tical Characteristics enuation Coefficient	850 nm 1300 nm	≤ 2.7 ≤ 0.5	≤ 2.8 ≤ 0.6	≤ 3.0 ≤ 0.7	[dB/km] [dB/km]
Mii	numum Modal Bandwidth [1,2]	850 nm 1300 nm			160 to > 300 500 to > 1000	[MHz.km] [MHz.km]
Nu	merical Aperture				0.275 ± 0.015	
Chi	romatic Dispersion				FDDI Spec	
Ste Irre Ref	ckscatter Characteristics [3] p [4] gularities over fibre length elections oup Index of Refraction (Typical)	1300 nm 850 nm 1300 nm			≤ 0.1 ≤ 0.1 Not allowed 1.496 1.491	[dB] [dB]
Con Con Cla Cla Con Con Con	ometrical Characteristics re Diameter re Non-Circularity re / Cladding Concentricity Error adding Diameter adding Non-Circularity ating Diameter ating Non-Circularity ating Concentricity Error agth	Star	ndard len	ngths up t	62.5 ± 2.5 ≤ 6.0 ≤ 1.5 125.0 ± 2.0 ≤ 1.0 245 ± 10 ≤ 6 ≤ 12.5 o 8.8	[μm] [%] [μm] [μm] [%] [μm] [%] [μm]
Ten	vironmental Characteristics nperature Dependence luced Attenuation	850 nm, 1300 nm -60°C to +85°C			≤ 0.1	[dB/km]
Ten Ind	nperature and Humidity Cycling luced Attenuation	850 nm, 1300 nm -10°C to +85°C, 90% R.F	Н.		≤ 0.2	[dB/km]
	tersoak Dependence luced Attenuation	850 nm, 1300 nm 20°C for 30 days			≤ 0.2	[dB/km]
	mp Heat Dependence luced Attenuation	850 nm, 1300 nm 85°C, 85% R.H., 30 days			≤ 0.2	[dB/km]
	echanical Characteristics oof Test	off line			≥ 8.8 ≥ 1.0 ≥ 100 ≥ 0.7	[N] [%] [KPSI]
Ber Ind	nding Dependence luced Attenuation	850 nm, 1300 nm 100 turns, 75 mm diame	ter		≥ 0.7 ≤ 0.5	[GPa] [dB]
	namic Stress Corrosion sceptibility Parameter (Typical)				≥ 27	
Coa	ating Strip Force	Typical average force Peak force	2	≥ 1.3	1.4 ≤ 8.9	[N] [N]

850 nm 1300 nm 160 500 MHz.km 200 600 MHz.km 250 800 MHz.km

^{1.} The modal bandwidth is linearly normalised to 1 km, according to IEC 60793-2-10.

^{2.} Dual window bandwidth specifications are selectable; possibilities are:

^{3.} OTDR measurement with 0.5 μs pulse width.

^{4.} Mean of bi-directional measurement.